

THE ENTERPRISE.

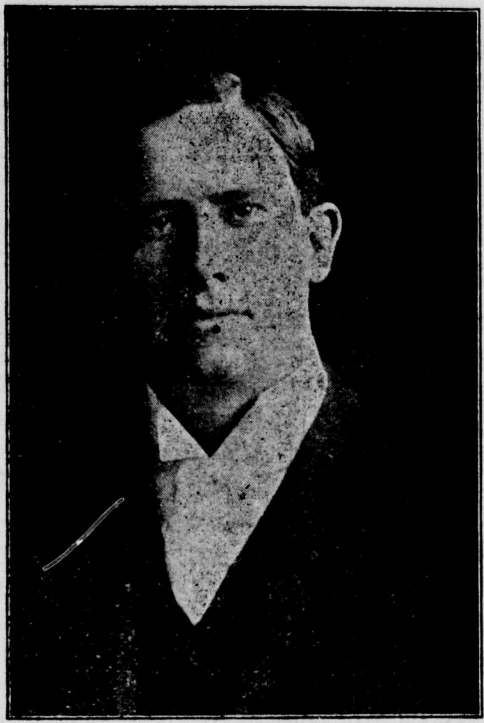
VOL. XXI

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1914.

NO. 16.

CUNNINGHAM AND WALLACE ELECTED CITY TRUSTEES

In the election contest in this city last Monday City Trustee F. A. Cunningham was re-elected and Geo. H. Wallace elected city trustees. W. J.



F. A. Cunningham.

Smith was re-elected city clerk and E. P. Kauffmann elected city treasurer.

Following is the result of the votes cast:

Precinct No. 1—Trustee—F. A. Cunningham 244, Geo. H. Wallace 190, Peter Lind 164. Clerk—W. J. Smith 192, Roy C. Morton 172. Treasurer—E. P. Kauffmann 308.

Precinct No. 2—Trustee—F. A. Cunningham 58, Geo. H. Wallace 137, Peter Lind 125. Clerk—W. J. Smith 134, Roy C. Morton 33. Treasurer—E. P. Kauffmann 138.

THOSE ELECTED IN OTHER SAN MATEO COUNTY CITIES

Daly City.

Trustees—S. A. Landini, C. L. Blebel, T. P. Moran. Clerk—Geo. N. Smith. Treasurer—T. Sheehan.

Burlingame.

Trustees—Long Term—Wm. H. Pearson, Wm. Waters. Short term—E. V. Chevalier. Clerk—James R. Murphy. Treasurer—John V. Doherty.

Hillsborough.

Trustees—Rev. Wm. A. Brewer, Henry T. Scott, Norris K. Davis. Clerk—John A. Hoey. Treasurer—Chas. T. Crocker.

Redwood City.

Trustees—H. C. Tuchsens, E. Sampson. Clerk—G. C. Plump. Treasurer—Frank Towne.

Lost—A gold locket containing picture of two babies. Return to Post-office and receive reward. Advt.

The Value Of Money

There is no more important lesson to learn than the value of money.

Do you know it? Are your children learning it? Earning and saving money is a sure way to learn its value.

If you can earn money, the Bank of South San Francisco can help you save it by protection and 4 per cent compound interest.

Bank of South San Francisco
COMMERCIAL SAVINGS

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Mrs. A. Swanson was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. J. O. Snyder entertained a bridge party Monday afternoon.

Warren Turner and Joseph Killian spent Thursday evening here.

Alex Greenwood, formerly of this city, was a visitor here Wednesday.

The whist club was entertained by Mrs. George W. Holston, Thursday evening.

The work of installing a new water main along Linden avenue extension is nearly completed.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Palany returned home last Monday, after a month's visit in Reno, Nevada.

Mrs. George A. Kneese was called to Mountain View last Thursday by the death of a friend.

Dave Martin arrived home from Fresno, with his friend Royle Carter, to spend the week end.

Mrs. L. P. Laird and daughter of Livingston, California, is visiting her niece, Mrs. H. B. Wood.

C. W. Smith returned Thursday from Cazadero, where he spent several weeks hunting and fishing.

Mrs. Luce and two daughters of San Francisco spent Tuesday as the guests of Mrs. Al Eschelbach.

Harry Holston of San Francisco has been visiting his brother, City Trustee Geo. W. Holston this week.

Geo. David, who has been at the South San Francisco General Hospital for several weeks, is able to be around again.

Elmer Grant Keith, pastor of the Modesto Methodist Church, spent Monday night at the home of his son, Dr. I. W. Keith, in this city.

A. P. Bellisle, one of the proprietors of the Daily News and Weekly Leader of San Mateo, was a visitor to this city last Wednesday.

Miss Bernice Todt has been visiting Mrs. Thomas L. Hickey for several days. Miss Todt spent most of her school days in South San Francisco.

T. Thielon, foreman at the Pacific Car and Equipment Co. shops was painfully injured Wednesday afternoon when a flying chisel struck him in the left eye. Fortunately he will not lose his sight.

The party of soldiers which encamped near this city last Wednesday was composed of twelve companies of the 12th Regiment, comprising 600 men. They were on their way to Palo Alto, where they will enjoy an encampment for six weeks.

The Hub has put in an assortment of piece goods for made-to-order suits for men and women. Select your cloth and have a first-class suit made at this store, 313-315 Grand avenue. Chas. Guidi, proprietor. Advt.

A linen shower was given by Miss Lucile Bell at her home in San Francisco, in honor of Miss Lena Elkeren-

(Continued on Page 4.)

AUTO ACCIDENT ON BOULEVARD FRIDAY

Last night about 6 o'clock an automobile containing two men, driven by a member of the San Francisco police force turned turtle near the wooden bridge on the boulevard, this side of Holy Cross Cemetery. The machine, which was purchased by the driver yesterday morning was traveling about 50 miles an hour when the accident occurred.

Geo. L. Perham of San Mateo passed in his machine just after the accident. He saw the damaged machine and stopped and picked up several belongings of the two men, but was unable to find a diamond stick pin said to have been dropped by one of the men.

The men were taken to the South San Francisco General Hospital where one had his nose, which was badly broken, reset. The policeman, the more unfortunate of the two, had his head painfully hurt.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

(By Harry Edwards.)

W. J. Bryan says, "In the lodge room we do not ask who his father was; we simply inquire what he is. We do not ask what his father has done; we simply ask him if he is ready to do the work that falls to him. We do not ask him whether he has received a diploma from some institution of learning; we simply ask him if he has studied the science of 'Right living,' if he recognizes the ties that bind him to mankind. We do not ask him how many acres of land he possesses; we do ask him whether he is possessed of the spirit of brotherhood and whether he counts all as entitled with him to the benefits of civilization and to the helps that come therefrom. The lodge room helps to draw us together, it helps to unify the world, it teaches the spirit of brotherhood."

F. O. E.

No Eagle residing in this vicinity will fail to attend the memorial service to be held at Colma Hall, Colma, Sunday, April 19th (to-morrow). The program will prove equal to any heretofore given by this order. Kenneth Green, worthy president of San Mateo Aerie, will be the orator of the day. The program, though a lengthy one, is well arranged. Local celebrities, some of whom will be heard in public for the first time in sacred song, will be presented, while others well known to us will appear. May the members and friends of this splendid order gather together promptly at 2 p. m. in Colma Hall, that we may honor by recalling the virtues of our brothers departed. They cannot come to us; we must go to them.

I. O. R. M.

The annual memorial service of the Imp. Order of Redmen, in the hunting grounds of San Francisco and San Mateo county, will be held in Beth Israel Synagogue, San Francisco, May 19th. Chiefs of Tippecanoe Tribe, No. 111, will kindly take note of date and place.

L. O. O. M.

San Francisco Lodge, No. 26, Loyal Order of Moose, will hold its annual memorial service Sunday, May 3d, at the Moose Auditorium, Page and Jones streets, San Francisco. Nearly 100 members have passed away during the year. The members of local Moose lodges and friends are invited to be present. A fine program has been arranged.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by Fraternal Brotherhood Lodge, No. 850, at its meeting held on April 13th:

Whereas, We know with deep regret and profound sorrow, of the death of Mrs. Miller, mother of Brother DeLange, our worthy secretary; and

Whereas, The hearts of the members of this lodge have been moved to sympathy for the bereaved brother; now therefore be it

Resolved, that the heartfelt condolence of this lodge be extended to said brother in his hour of bereavement, and as a testimony of our sincerity, that a copy of these be spread on the minutes of this lodge, and a copy sent to The Enterprise for publication.

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars

COUNTY CANDIDATES, TAKE NOTICE!

The population of San Mateo county has very materially increased during the last two years, especially that of the northern section. Increased population means larger number of votes. The Enterprise, which covers the first township (northern section), suggests to seekers after county offices the advisability of placing their announcements in its columns. The rate is very reasonable—\$5 in advance for a one-inch space from now until the date of the primary election—August 25th, 1914.

BASEBALL

The South City Merchants journeyed to San Francisco last Sunday to play the Potrero Merchants. Owing to some raw decisions of the umpire for the city team the score was 3 up. The battery of the local team upon which most of the work fell, was composed of Cliff Lodge and Will Castro. The mound work of Castro was amazing, even to the members of his own team. He garnered seventeen strikeouts to his already good record. Lodge, behind the bat, also showed rare judgment, and between the two of them they had the city boys guessing.

To-morrow the Merchants will play the Chadwick Outlaws on the local grounds at 11 a. m. The game is expected to be exciting, as the two teams are almost evenly matched, with the Outlaws a little to the good. Show up at the local grounds and enjoy yourself. Adults 15 cents, children, 10 cents.

\$25 RAISED FOR EL CAMINO REAL BELL.

Mrs. Martin sent to Mrs. C. E. Cumberson at Redwood City the sum of \$25 for the bell to be placed on Mission road at the intersection of the new Grand avenue extension. Mrs. Martin's extends thanks to the kind subscribers for their aid in obtaining "Our Bell."

For Sale—A modern house, with barn, chicken coops, etc., in Peck's Lots; a snap for a quick sale. P. O. Box 502. Advt.

See the fine line of Women's Spring and Summer Waists, from 65 cents to \$3.50, at Schneider's. Advt.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees met in adjourned session in the city hall last Tuesday evening.

A resolution of intention providing for the extension of Grand avenue on a more direct line to Mission road, introduced by Trustee Hickey, was adopted, upon motion of Trustee Holston, seconded by Trustee Kelley.

Upon motion of Trustee Hickey, seconded by Trustee Holston, the local land company was given a vote of thanks for the offer of a right of way through its land for the new Grand avenue extension to Mission road.

A resolution adopted by the executive committee of the local land company assuming responsibility for all claims or damages caused by the closing of certain streets in this city, was read and ordered filed.

Upon motion of Trustee Holston, seconded by Trustee McGovern, the application of John Colombo for permission to transfer his Class A liquor license from the Klotz building to the Baden Hotel on Linden avenue was laid over to be acted on next Monday evening, when the new board will organize.

Superintendent of Streets Kneese was directed to have sewer laterals constructed in Linden avenue, between Aspen and Armour avenues, and in Baden, between Maple and Linden avenues.

An ordinance fixing water rates for the fiscal year 1914-1915 was, upon motion of Trustee Holston, seconded by Trustee McGovern, adopted.

Several claims against the city were allowed and ordered paid.

SUPERVISORS WILL RECEIVE PETITION

Casey Recall Papers to be Presented at Meeting Next Monday.

The work of checking and verifying the names on the recall petition against Supervisor James T. Casey of Colma has been completed by County Clerk Joseph H. Nash, who reports that the document bears the signatures of 565 qualified voters—38 more than the number required by law. The number of names necessary is 527.

The original recall petition had 369 verified names, and the supplemental petition has 196 more.

The petition will be presented to the board of supervisors at the regular meeting next Monday, when it is understood Attorney Archer Kincaid of Redwood City, acting as counsel for Mr. Casey, will attack the legality of the petition on technical grounds.

HOT WATER

The economy of heating water with GAS is apparent when it is considered that you consume fuel only when you need hot water.

It is not necessary to keep a fire going all day to get hot water now and then. Both health and cleanliness demand hot water. And the easiest, most economical and most satisfying way to get it is to use GAS.

Have you "PACIFIC SERVICE" in your home?

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

WASHINGTON LETTER

(Special Correspondence.)

Complete repudiation of the Wilson Democratic policy of the proposed repeal of free tolls for coastwise American ships through the Panama Canal has been expressed in no uncertain terms by the people at the polls.

The Wilson administration, figuratively speaking, has been kicked hard under the coattails by the American people, who will never stand for a cowardly and base surrender to Great Britain of our rights for American ships in the Panama Canal.

People Reject Tolls Surrender.

The issue was clear cut. There is nothing to misunderstand about the verdict of the people on the Wilson "scuttle" Panama tolls policy—they manifested their displeasure at this Democratic but un-American policy in the New Jersey, Boston and Alabama elections.

In the Seventh New Jersey district Dow H. Drukker, a straight Republican, overwhelmingly defeated for Congress the Democratic administration candidate, James J. O'Byrne. Drukker made his fight solely on opposition to tolls repeal; O'Byrne was the administration pet and stood for repeal. Despite desperate efforts of the administration which sent Senators James and Lewis into the district, and the fact that this district is in the President's home state, the patriotic voters, as a protest against free tolls, repudiated the Democratic candidate and elected Drukker by more than 5,000 majority over O'Byrne. Senator James, speaking for O'Byrne through the district declared if O'Byrne was not elected a great "insult" would be given President Wilson. Evidently the people of the Seventh New Jersey were aching to "insult" the President. It was a "crowning insult" to the administration.

In Boston James A. Gallivan, Democrat, running on an announced platform of opposition to repeal of free tolls, was elected to Congress from the Twelfth Massachusetts. Gallivan boldly repudiated the administration free tolls policy and the people backed him up with their votes.

In Alabama Majority Leader Underwood was elected to the United States Senate by a great majority. He, with Speaker Clark, are the principal opponents of free tolls in the House. Underwood's stand against free tolls rolled up his great majority against Hobson, his opponent, who was silent on the tolls question.

Administration Severely Jolted.

The administration is deeply chagrined over these unmistakable evidences of what the people think of the proposed surrender of our canal rights to Great Britain. When the reports of the New Jersey election arrived at the White House the President was reported to be "stunned" at the news. Democratic leaders in House and Senate look harassed and downcast.

Senator Burton, of Ohio, who favors repeal, seeing the handwriting on the wall, has announced he will not be a candidate for re-election.

Hearings Are Forced.

Democratic and Republican Senators alike, who oppose the tolls "scuttle" policy, have forced hearings on the repeal question by the Senate Inter-oceanic Canals Committee and these are now on. A delegation of Californians, headed by William R. Wheeler, of San Francisco, are scheduled to be heard April 21st in opposition to repeal. California is reported here to be almost to a man against Wilson and his remarkable scheme. The California delegation will vigorously oppose repeal. The California Congressional delegation, with the exception of Representatives Church and Kent, are against repeal. Church and Kent voted for repeal in the House. The other House members, headed by Representative Knowland, voted against repeal.

Startling Canal Sale Reports.

Is the Wilson administration, not content with its dastardly attempt to surrender rights for American coastwise ships through the Panama Canal, secretly dicker with Great Britain and other European nations to turn over the canal, lock, stock, and barrel to the world, to be used as a neutralized international waterway?

Startling assertions were published recently in Washington to this effect. These reports were denied at the White House the next day, but so many denials have come from the White House when the Democratic administration has been caught "with the goods" in many nefarious transactions that denials from that quarter are now taken by the Washington public for what they are worth. Anything can now be expected from Wilson and Secretary Bryan.

Say Wilson Administration Doomed. There are not wanting political prophets here who declare that the single issue of tolls repeal will cause the next House to have a big Republican majority and that the recent elections sounded the knell of the Wilson administration in 1916.

Knowland in California.

Representative Knowland has gone to California for a three weeks' trip in the interests of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for United States Senator. Among the California Congressmen and other Californians here the opinion is general that Knowland will easily be nominated and

elected Senator. He will be obliged to hasten back to Washington within a short time as his presence is necessary to lead the fight here against tolls repeal. Knowland is considered in Washington the foremost Congressman in the fight to prevent surrender of our canal rights to Great Britain. He is dean of the California Congressmen and led the fight for free tolls for American coastwise ships when the Panama Canal act was passed.

Knowland will be in the thick of the great battle now being waged between the Wilson administration, which is trying its best to give away an American birthright for a mess of British pottage, and the patriots of all parties in House and Senate who are unalterably opposed to this proposed treachery to the American people.

PAROLE RULE IS DECLARED ILLEGAL

In an opinion handed down by the Supreme Court the rule made by the State Board of Prison Directors, that a prisoner must serve half his term before applying for a parole, was declared to be illegal and void. Henceforth first-term prisoners not serving life imprisonment nor serving two consecutive or cumulative terms, may file an application for a parole as soon as they have served one year.

According to lawyers this opinion makes the ratio of probabilities to a slightly greater degree in favor of the criminal. Attorney George B. Keane was one of the first to read the decision, and he intimated that Abraham Ruef would take advantage of it immediately and make formal application for parole. One-half of Ruef's net sentence is four years and five months. Therefore under the Prison Directors' rule he would have to wait until August, 1915, before filing such application.

The proceeding before the Supreme Court was for a writ of mandate, petitioned for by James H. Roberts, a prisoner in San Quentin, sentenced July 18, 1912, to five years on a felony charge. He asked the Court to compel the Prison Directors to hear his application for parole, which, under their rule, known as Rule No. 5, they could not do. He had served one year and two months, but not one-half of his term. The Supreme Court granted the writ, and his application will be heard.

The opinion was written by Justice Lorigan. Justice Shaw wrote a dissenting opinion. The Court holds that the Prison Directors have full discretion as to the regulation of the conduct of prisoners who are on parole, but it holds that the Board may not say when it shall begin to exercise this power. The statute provides that first-termers not under sentence for life or serving consecutive terms may apply for parole after one year of imprisonment. The Court says that Rule 5 of the Commission is an attempt to restrict this right, and therefore is void.

In its opinion the Court does not hold that the Directors are compelled to grant parole after one year of imprisonment, but only that the Directors at that time must listen to requests for parole privileges presented by eligible prisoners.

IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS

Further progress toward convalescence was announced in the surgeons' bulletin regarding the condition of King Gustave of Sweden, issued from the Sophia Hospital, Stockholm, where his majesty was operated on for ulceration of the stomach.

The selection of Count Shigenobu Okuma, Japan's foremost progressive, who is engaged in forming a Cabinet to replace that of which Count Yamamoto was head, has created a profound impression in Tokyo. All classes consider that it denotes the dawn of a new epoch in Japanese history in the direction of a more representative government. Business men especially are pleased with the choice of Count Okuma by the elder statesman and the stock market is buoyant.

The Palo Alto Interchurch Federation joined in zealous union in preparation for revival meetings to be held there from April 16th to May 12th, and with a number of men from the Methodist, Baptist and Christian churches, built in eight hours a frame structure big enough to hold 1000 people, and christened it the Tabernacle. Carpenters, clergymen, professors and business men joined in the work, and after eight hours of steady labor, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., erected a large structure at the corner of University avenue and Bryant street. The meetings to be held are the continuation of a series lately working in Napa, Vallejo and Berkeley.

U. S. FLEET IS ORDERED TO SOUTHERN WATERS

Rear-Admiral Badger to Lead Great Armada to Tampico

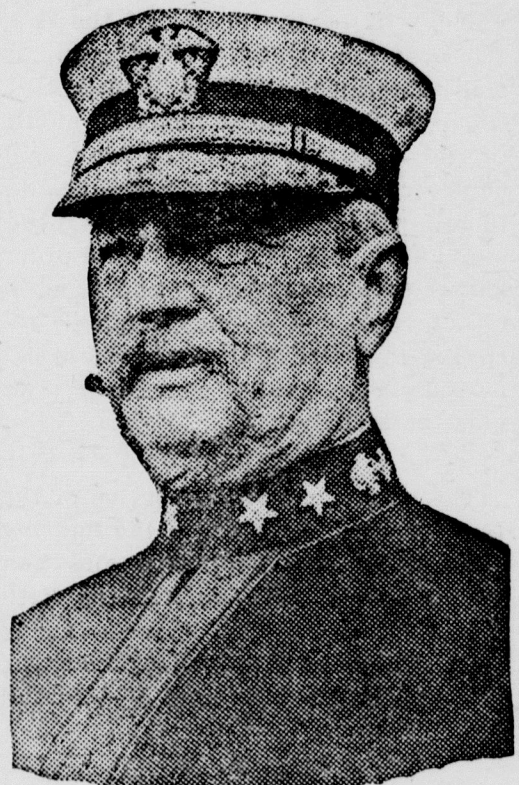
President Wilson has ordered practically the entire Atlantic fleet to Mexican waters to force a public salute to the Stars and Stripes from the Huerta government as an apology for the arrest of American marines at Tampico last Thursday.

No ultimatum has been issued—that is, no specified time has been set within which the Huerta government must comply, but the naval demonstration has been ordered as a concrete evidence of the fixed determination of the United States to back up Rear-Admiral Mayo's demand for a salute.

"Future developments depend upon Huerta himself," was the way a high administration official close to the President summarized the situation.

The decision to send the fleet was reached after the President and Secretary Bryan had conferred for an hour with John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson in Mexico, and after a two-hour cabinet meeting, during which dispatches from Charge O'Shaughnessy revealed that the Huerta government disputed the right of American marines to be ashore at Tampico and contended that its recent public statement of apology was ample.

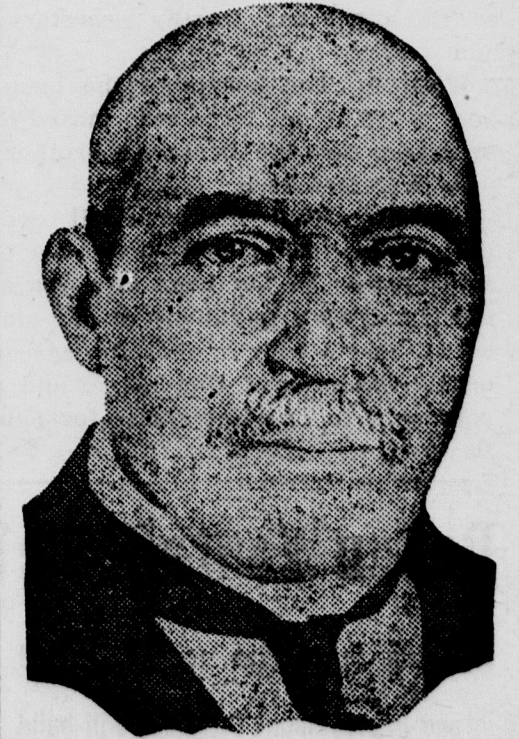
Immediately after the cabinet meeting Secretary Daniels issued his order



REAR ADMIRAL C. J. BADGER
In Command of the Atlantic Fleet

to the Atlantic fleet and wireless messages flashed up and down the Atlantic coast to put the fleet under steam for Tampico. It will be the largest fighting force the American government has assembled for possible action since the Spanish-American war. Eleven great battleships, with auxiliaries, carrying in all about 15,000 men, will comprise the force off Tampico.

Everywhere, at the White House, the State Department and the Navy Department, the hope was expressed that the dispatch of the fleet would not lead to serious consequences, and there was a confident prediction among administration officials that General Huerta would see the wisdom



GEN. VICTORIANA HUERTA
Dictator of Mexico

of satisfying the American demand and close the incident. Officials were careful to point out that negotiations with the Huerta government had not ended and that the way was still open to General Huerta to make amends.

The status of the case as summed up by cabinet officers and other officials familiar with the messages that have been passing between Rear-Admiral

Mayo, Charge O'Shaughnessy and the Washington government was described as follows:

"Assistant Paymaster Charles Copp and a boatload of marines landed at Tampico last Thursday to obtain supplies. They were arrested but later discharged. In accordance with regulations in all navies of the world, Rear-Admiral Mayo, on considering that an unwarranted arrest had been made and that the uniform of the American Navy had been disregarded, demanded reparation in the form of a salute of twenty-one guns.

The American flag, while not taken ashore, was flying at the stern of the whaleboat, and all the marines were in uniform. Rear Admiral Mayo allowed the Huerta commander until 6 o'clock that evening to fire a salute, but later extended the time in order to afford the local commander an opportunity to communicate with his superior officers in Mexico City. A statement of apology was issued in Mexico City by General Huerta, and the local officer who arrested the marines was ordered punished.

This did not satisfy the United States government and the salute was insisted upon. General Huerta himself at no time agreed to comply, but an under secretary in the Mexican Foreign Office did inquire of Charge O'Shaughnessy if a salute fired to the gunboat Dolphin and responded to by the American ship would be acceptable. This was emphatically rejected by the United States and word was sent that nothing short of a public salute to the American flag would be satisfactory.

PANAMA EXPOSITION NEWS

Standing on the top of the dome of the Manufacturers building in the exposition grounds, Miss Mary Elizabeth Payne planted the Stars and Stripes, while the contractors, builders and laborers cheered the ceremony that marks the last stage in the construction of the great display hall. Visitors to the exposition grounds paused in their inspection to watch the courageous young woman, who is well known in San Francisco as a talented soprano, as she was being nailed into an improvised basket on the ground floor. A long line of workmen manned a rope, and she was hoisted 175 feet on the inside of the building to the summit of the great dome.

The Petit Parisien, which is regarded as a Government organ of France, publishes a pungent article regarding the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. It quotes the president of the Chamber of Commerce as saying that France must abstain from participation until the United States adopts less rigorous measures in her customs department and ceases the examination of the French business accounts as well as revising the laws against the importation of plumage. It adds that negotiations between the two Governments have not been broken off, but that it is necessary for the French Government on behalf of French commerce to maintain a firm attitude to show Americans that they are grossly exaggerating matters.

The success of the operation performed several weeks ago at the Baltimore Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, in which the cornea of a pig's eye was grafted into the blind eye of David Kane, a six-months-old infant, is now practically assured. Dr. Floyd B. Whitman, the surgeon who performed the operation, still refuses to make a statement with reference to it, but it is learned that the optic on which the pig's cornea was grafted is still clear. There is every reason to believe that it will remain clear for the few days left of the time allotted for a test by the surgeon. And if by the end of this week the eye has not clouded, the mother of the infant will probably be able to take him from the hospital, practically entirely cured of the blindness in which he was born, and seeing through a pig's eye.

Keen interest in the recently organized farm bureau at Stockton was evidenced at a meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce, when it was reported that the membership has now grown to 208 in less than a month and that of the thirteen districts in the county nine of them had named their directors. John P. Irish Jr., secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, has been elected permanent secretary of the bureau. The directors elected are as follows: Ripon, J. P. Watkins; Linden, Edgar L. Davis; Manteca, E. Powers; Stockton, J. F. Peters; Thornton, P. A. Kise; Lodi, H. T. Bailey; Holt, R. G. Cople; Acampo, Mr. McCausland, and Tracy, W. M. Smith. Escalon, Farmington, Woodbridge and Lockeford have not organized.

OCCUPATIONS EFFECT TEETH

Jobs Wherein Worker Is Apt to Have Aching Molars.

If your teeth are bad change your occupation.

It is quite likely that the cause of teeth decay can be located. The majority of cases, next to that of neglect, are caused by the work pursued by the man who has bad teeth.

Dr. Hesse, a dental specialist of Leipsic, is the authority for this. Dr. Hesse is making a study of occupations in relation to the care of the teeth and he finds that there is a great relation between the two.

Bakers are quite likely to suffer from decayed teeth, says Dr. Hesse. A baker, therefore, in order to keep his teeth sound and healthy, must take much better care of them than the average individual. The cause for bad teeth among bakers is that flour enters the mouth during work. This flour collects on and around the teeth, where it decomposes and generates an acid which is very destructive to the dentine.

Quicksilver miners follow the most unhealthy trade in the world. They cannot take care of their teeth. The fumes of the mercury produce constant salivation and the system becomes permeated with the metal. Soon after this the teeth of the unfortunate men fall out. But it is not the teeth alone that are affected by the quicksilver. The men employed in quicksilver mines soon lose their appetite and become emaciated. If they keep on working in the mines they do not live more than three years.

Chloride of lime, employed by bleachers, frequently destroys the enamel and dentine of the teeth. As chloride of lime is used in many factories, those who come into contact with it are in great danger of serious teeth trouble.

Phosphorous, used largely in the making of matches, is another substance greatly injurious to the teeth. As many women and children are employed in match factories, and as they do not understand its dangers, phosphorous is doubly dangerous.

Soda is dangerous for the teeth, too. People who work in soda factories are affected in a peculiar way, their teeth become translucent, then soft. If not treated in time and if they continue at the factory where soda is used, the teeth break off close to the gums.

WORSHIP A SACRED TOOTH.

Molar Was Brought to Ceylon in the Sixteenth Century.

At Kandy, in Ceylon, is kept Buddha's tooth, which is the object of the unbounded reverence of more than 400,000,000 people.

When this holy molar was brought to Ceylon in the sixteenth century Kandy was only a mountain village. Now thousands of pilgrims go every year to the gorgeous temple where the tooth reposes, bringing gifts of every kind, gold and silver ornaments, coins, jewels and even fruit and flowers. The kings of Burma and Siam send annual contributions toward the support of this temple that holds the sacred relic, which has a rather strange history.

It is said to have been the left eye-tooth of Buddha and to have been taken from his ashes 2500 years ago. For centuries it was the marriage dower going with certain favored princes.

In the fourth century after Christ it was taken from India, then the Malabars secured it. It was afterward captured by the Portuguese, who took it to Goa, where it was burned in 1560 by the archbishop in the presence of the viceroy of India.

But a spurious tooth had to be provided to effect an international marriage, and the molar of a wild boar or ape was used. Its dimensions show that it could not be a man's, for it is two inches long and one inch in diameter.

On important occasions it is displayed, but only at a distance. It is sometimes carried in processions on the back of an elephant, but while in the temple it reposes on a massive silver table, encrusted with gems and festooned with jeweled chains.

Vincent Astor is seriously ill with lung trouble at the country place near New York of Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, whose daughter, Helena, he is to marry on April 30th.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the city of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME

YOU BAKE---

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
 under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months ".....1 00
Three Months ".....50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue, near Bank

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1914.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Over in France the hand that used to rock the cradle now carries a gun. Swat the great-great grandfather of all the flies now and thus escape the burden of swatting his offspring later on.

At Moundville, W. Va., a man has been sent to prison for a year for stealing three eggs. Eggs is eggs in that town.

Actual creations by the dressmakers have become so striking that no rumors as to future styles can create much alarm.

If a man has a sore spot he is going to talk about it, says the Atchison Globe cynic. Possibly to keep friends from slapping him on it.

LOCAL REALTY TRANSFERS.

L. Torunanu and wife to D. Galli and wife—Portion lots 1, 2, block 128, South San Francisco.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to South City Lot Company—Lot 25, block "B," Peck's subdivision, South San Francisco.

South City Lot Company to William Stantz—Lot 4, block "A," same tract.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to South City Lot Company—Lot 6, block "S," Resub.; block "R" and block "SB," Peck's Subdivision, South San Francisco.

W. J. Martin and wife to Giovanni Chiabre—West 50 feet of lots 25 and 26, block 146, South San Francisco.

South City Lot Company to Geo. W. Miller—Lot 6, block "S," Peck's Subdivision, South San Francisco.

South City Lot Co. to J. J. Carmichael—Lot 3, block F, Peck's Subdivision, South San Francisco.

CALIFORNIA INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to California clients reported by D. Swift & Co., Patent Lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers.

Clarence E. Anable, Sacramento, paper cutter; Marston W. Bush, Willets, spring board; Samuel Chase, Los Angeles, signaling device; Albert R. Derge, Oakland, burglar proof screen; Antone E. Dotta, Loyalton, bearing; A. R. Encinas, San Francisco, lock nut; Charles Gore, San Francisco, speed indicator for automobiles; R. Kusamura, Kings county, motor boat; G. F. W. Schultze, Oakland, coin controlled mechanism; Reginald C. Schmidt, Oakland, orchard heater; William V. Yandel, Los Angeles, tower wagon.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed at the postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., April 16, 1914:

Domestic—Bordisso, C.; Devencenzie, A.; Grilli, A.; Carcia, Beranto; Ruffoni, G.

E. E. Cunningham, Postmaster.

H. Labourdette has just lowered the price of his place on Baden avenue, which is for sale. It has never been offered at such a low price before. Will sell on terms. For information, see local real estate agents, or write H. Labourdette, Eden Vale, Santa Clara county, Cal. Advt.

For Sale—Pure bred Buff Leghorn eggs. \$1.00 a dozen. Mrs. W. Hyland, 417 Linden avenue. Advt.

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NEWS

Issued upon authority of the San Mateo County Development Association:

M. B. Johnson of Montara is the new president of the San Mateo County Development Association.

The annual election of officers, held by the board of governors last Tuesday evening resulted in the election of the following officers, who were nominated and having no opposition were chosen unanimously:

M. B. Johnson succeeds H. C. Tuchsens as president.

D. G. Doubleday of Millbrae succeeds M. B. Johnson as vice-president.

S. D. Merk was re-elected as treasurer.

Frank L. Eskward was again elected as secretary.

C. C. Griffin of Lomita Park was elected sergeant-at-arms to succeed D. G. Doubleday.

A rising vote of thanks was extended to the retiring president, H. C. Tuchsens, for his energetic services rendered the organization during the past year. Mr. Tuchsens declared that he would still be an active worker for the county's development and would assist the president at all times.

Mr. Johnson is an orator of recognized ability. His eloquence was one of the features at both the recent Eureka and Marysville promotion conferences. He is a member of the advisory roads commission of this county and was the leading speaker for good roads in the recent campaign, which resulted in the voting of \$1,250,000 now being expended for highways.

The new administration starts off by tackling the biggest undertaking ever launched in this county. The building of an electric line down the Peninsula is the big thing which the association hopes to bring to a successful conclusion.

At the advice of D. G. Doubleday, chairman of the transportation committee, the board of governors went into an executive session at which the proposed people's railroad was the proposition discussed at great length. A plan of procedure which will best meet the railroad problem is under consideration and will be formulated with all due haste.

The association's complaint for lower railroad fares is now before the State Railroad Commission, which has promised to set the hearing at the earliest date possible.

Upon the report of the committee having in charge the reception of the visiting district attorneys and their families on Tuesday, April 28th, the association extends an open invitation to the public to attend the dinner and dance which will be given in honor of the guests at the Peninsula Hotel, San Mateo, on the evening of that date. Tickets may be secured from Secretary Frank L. Eskward of the association at \$2.00 per plate. The evening entertainment should prove a highly interesting as well as an enjoyable one. Many of the state's foremost citizens will be present. All applications for reservations for the dinner should be accompanied by check and should be in the secretary's office no later than Thursday, April 23d.

The various district attorneys of California hold their annual convention in San Jose. Through an invitation extended by District Attorney Franklin Swart, the district attorneys and their families will be guests of the county for one whole day. They will be met at the Stanford University by automobiles and will be taken to the coast side for lunch, thence to the principal points of interest of the county and finally to the Peninsula Hotel.

An informal dance was given at Guild Hall Thursday evening by Messrs. Welti, Hetzler, Martin and Pierce. The party spent a most delightful evening. Those present were: Misses Hattie Baker, Rue Clifford, Edith Ebey, Emma Elkerenkotter, Grace Hobler, Grace Martin, Mabel McColm, Lillie Muller and Edna Reikhardt; Messrs. Harry Hetzler, Joe Killiam, Ernest Langenbach, Jack Martin, J. Pierce, Irving Reikhardt, M. Shoemaker, Diep Turner, Jack Wallace, Jack Welti and Herbert Woodman.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

kotter. Miss Elkerenkotter received many beautiful gifts.

It is understood the Pacific Gas and Electric Company contemplates making extensive improvements to its system in this district at a cost of \$100,000.

Last Sunday the locals met defeat at the hands of the D. N. & E. Walters, but will endeavor to "come back" when they cross bats with the Soldiers of Company G, Presidio. Admission 15 cents, children 10 cents.

The following additional political announcements appear this week in The Enterprise: Geo. H. Buck for superior judge, C. D. Hayward for county assessor and Geo. A. Kneese for county surveyor.

Jesse Monize, Joe Carrera and Julie Bianchi are being congratulated upon the success which attended them when, with drums, guitar and banjo-mandolin, they furnished music for the dance Thursday evening.

A number of young fellows of this city styling themselves as The Millionaires will give a ball to-night in Knowles Hall, at Daly City. The boys are all popular and success is sure to attend their efforts. General admission 25 cents.

The young people of this city are anxiously awaiting April 25th, when a grand ball will be given in Metropolitan Hall by Panama-Pacific Exposition Lodge, No. 5, A. A. of I. S. and T. W. of North America. Admission 50 cents, ladies free.

Most of the articles stolen from John Marley's pool room recently have been regained from a pawn shop on East street, San Francisco. Coincident with the finding of the articles was the discovery of the fact that they were located in the same place from which Mr. Marley had obtained some clothes which were stolen from him a year ago in San Mateo.

Thursday evening about 9 o'clock, while returning from a visit to friends, Mrs. C. Bianchi, mother of Julie Bianchi, and Mrs. De Marchi were held up by two men near the Episcopal Church. The thugs obtained nothing. A little later the same night, Geo. Carigisenis was held up by two men, one of whom was about 5 feet 10 inches tall and the other short. As in the previous case the highwaymen obtained nothing for their pains.

Two houses opposite each other on Baden avenue, near Spruce, occupied by Italian laborers working at the pottery, were entered and robbed last night. The occupants of one house, A. Bonino, F. Julio, Tony Fillipi lost \$139.50 among them. The doors of the house, both of which had been locked, were found standing open this morning and the men found their empty purses in the yard. The men in the other house Joe Secco, L. Carlotto, C. Genverni and G. Grosso lost \$462.

The student body of the local high school met last Monday. Reuben Smith was elected athletic manager and Walter Money manager of the track team. A team will journey to Berkeley soon to participate in the great inter-scholastic meet. It is hoped that our boys will win place in it. A committee was also chosen to prepare a luncheon to be given next Thursday.

VETERAN GLOBE TROTTER LECTURES AT SCHOOLS.

Thursday afternoon the students of the local grammar and high schools were entertained by a lecture by Major Gustave Schoof, squadron sergeant-major of the Twenty-third Alberta Rangers of Canada, ex-major of the Mexican army under the late President Madero, war correspondent in the revolution of 1913-14, honorary member of General Poncho Villa's staff, veteran of two South African wars and commander of the Boy Scouts.

Besides narrating many of his experiences in Mexico, Africa and Canada, he exhibited skins and relics which he has collected in the different countries. The grammar school students especially enjoyed the talk, several of them parading in the different uniforms in which the major has fought.

CUSTER & MARTIN

REAL ESTATE

702 Market Street, San Francisco

312 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco

South San Francisco Properties
California Ranches for Sale and Exchange

WOMAN'S BOARD DOINGS.

The sub-chairmen of the Woman's Board, P. P. I. E., met at Mrs. Martin's home on Wednesday of this week. A good number came to the meeting and did good work for the board. Mrs. Martin is treasurer for the county and was pleased to find so many new members added to the list, as evidenced by the receipts of the various chairmen. Every woman should join and give her moral support to the good work, and the small sum of \$2 is far below the value of her gain. Mrs. Olmstead was present in the interest of the Pioneer Mothers' Monument Fund, and it was decided to hold a "Monument Day" in each town of this county. Arrangements will soon be made and notice given later. The monument to the pioneer mothers of California will be in the fine arts building during the fair, and after donated to the city of San Francisco and be located in a place worthy of its great beauty.

Mrs. Martin will be glad to hear from any woman in South San Francisco who would like to join the Woman's Board of the Exposition, San Mateo Auxiliary.

The next meeting will be held for the sub-chairmen at Redwood City with Mrs. George Merrill.

AN OLD-TIME SALE BILL.

Following is the copy of an old sale bill:

"State of Missouri, County of Pike—To whom it may concern: The undersigned will Tuesday, September 29, A. D., 1846, sell at public outcry for cash on premises, where Coon creek crosses on the Missouri road, the following chattels, to-wit: Nine yoke of oxen with yoke and chain, two wagon beds, three nigger wenches, four buck niggers, three nigger boys, two prairie plows, twenty-five steel traps, one barrel pickled cabbage, one hoghead of tobacco, one lot nigger hoes, one spinning wheel, loom, three foxhounds, a lot of coon, mink and skunk skins and a lot of other articles. Am gwine to California. JOHN DOE.

"Richard Roe, Crier.

"Free headcheese, apples and hard cider at noon."

COUNTY ASSESSOR'S INSTRUCTIONS

To Owners of Real and Personal Property

The law requires each and every person who owns any class of property to annually, during the months of March, April or May, file a statement with the assessor or deputy in the county where his property is located. You should give a statement of all property owned by you on the first Monday in March at 12 o'clock m.

No change can be made by the assessor after he turns over his books to the Board of Supervisors on the first Monday in July. The board then sits as a Board of Equalization during the month of July.

Remember, if you fail to give in your assessment you fail to comply with the law and may cause yourself, the assessor and tax collector much trouble, and very likely cause yourself expense.

It is much more satisfactory to the assessor, as well as yourself, to have your assessment correct when you go to pay your taxes.

C. D. HAYWARD,
Assessor of San Mateo County.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for stated meetings. E. N. Brown, Master. H. F. Mingledorff, Secretary.

South San Francisco Lodge, No. 850, The Fraternal Brotherhood, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall. W. C. Schneider, President. Leon DeLange, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome. P. L. Kauffmann, Sachem. G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Oswald Lockhart, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

San Mateo Lodge, No. 7, Journeymen Butchers' P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. Peter Lind, President. J. E. Sullivan, Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.
403 Grand Ave. South San Francisco.

Dr. J. C. McGovern

DENTIST

Office: Kauffmann Building
South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE
Surgeon

Hours: 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Office, 500 Grand Avenue, South S. F.

J. W. COLEBERD

ATTORNEY AT LAW

South San Francisco, San Mateo Co. Cal.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

GEO. A. KNEESE

Candidate for

COUNTY SURVEYOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

C. D. HAYWARD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY ASSESSOR

San Mateo County

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

GEORGE H. BUCK

(Incumbent) Candidate for

SUPERIOR JUDGE

San Mateo County

Primary Election, August 25, 1914

W. G. SAWIN

Single Tax Candidate for

COUNTY ASSESSOR

Lower Taxation on Improvements.
Higher on Vacant Land. Somers System of Assessments.

J. H. MANSFIELD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

SHERIFF

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

J. J. SHIELDS

Candidate for

COUNTY AUDITOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

METHODIST CHURCH EASTER SERVICES

An unusually large congregation attended the Methodist Church Sunday night to listen to the Easter program rendered by the children of the Sunday school. The teachers of the different classes had trained their young folks in song and recitations, so that to hear them was to rejoice in the splendid work the school is doing through the children. "A tree is known by its fruits." So a public institution is known by the product which it turns out upon society. The Sunday school teaches boys and girls what real goodness is and how to attain that goodness through obedience to Christ's teachings and faith in Him as their Saviour and Lord. Truth-telling, pure-minded, kindly-dealing boys and girls are a blessing in the home and the school and everywhere. The Sunday school is founded for the study of God's Word—the Holy Bible—and through obedience to its teachings the highest type of noble living is made possible.

The Easter program emphasized, of course, the culminating truth of the Gospel that Christ arose from the dead. As the apostle Paul said, "If Christ be not risen, then is our preaching vain, we are yet in our sins, and are of all men most pitiable. But now is Christ risen and become the first fruits of them that slept."

The pastor spoke of three important words relating to life which impress us at this time. Birth is the first great word we have to deal with. The coming of an infant into a home is the time of greatest joy. The new life makes its helpless appeal to all around it. It wins the hearts of everybody who cares for it. All pain is forgotten in the thought that a child has come into the home to bless it and add to its happiness. The second great word is regeneration. This word means being born again, as Christ said, being born from above. This relates to the change which takes place in the life of any person at conversion. The Master said there was joy in heaven in the presence of the angels over one sinner that repented. So we see the spiritual birth of a soul brings joy into heaven in much the same way as a human birth brings joy into a home. But, in addition, the soul that is born into the Kingdom of God is also filled with joy. The third great word is resurrection. This word means living again. Christ was slain by his enemies and was placed in a tomb, but he broke the bands of death and arose from the dead. His rising from the dead is the promise to the race that we also by faith in Him shall some day be raised to life again. This hope of the resurrection of the body is the glorious inheritance of the Church. The thought that death should end all is most abhorrent to a normal mind. But Christ has settled that question by saying, "I am the Resurrection and the Life. He that believeth in Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live."

Sunday school, 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.
Preaching service, 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.
Junior Epworth League, Friday, 3:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

ROAD BOND OPPONENTS CHANGE THEIR MINDS

According to reports Henry T. Scott, William H. Crocker and other citizens of Hillsborough, who recently filed a petition with the San Mateo county board of supervisors against the proposed purchase of \$100,000 worth of state highway bonds to aid in extending the state highway down to Los Angeles, have changed their minds.

It is said they now favor the purchase and will appear before the board of supervisors in Redwood City next Monday to urge in carrying out the plan.

Their changed attitude is due to the fact that several days ago Scott and other Hillsborough residents chanced to meet a state highway commissioner, who explained the financial situation. The understanding is that it is now up to the county

to buy at least \$100,000 worth of state road bonds, which bear 4 per cent interest, that the work of building the coast highway may be expedited.

Chairman William H. Brown of the board of supervisors, Henry T. Scott, city trustee of Hillsborough, and City Attorney A. H. Redington conferred Saturday on the question.

Indications are that the county will carry out its original intention of purchasing state bonds at a financial loss. The county probably will purchase the bonds at par, though the market value is only 96.

WANT MRS. TAGGART'S DEATH INVESTIGATED

A coroner's jury in San Francisco, sitting in the case of Mrs. Mary Taggart, widow of a former Redwood City physician, who ended her life last week, has returned a verdict that Mrs. Taggart killed herself in a fit of "dependency over financial troubles due to business transactions with one Lynton McIntosh." The jury recommended that the district attorney investigate the transaction "as there appears to be some irregular phase connected with it which we believe was the motive which led to the commitment of the act of suicide."

VISITING PRIEST PRESENTED WITH CANE

Father D. A. Sullivan at Burlingame
Receives Gift from W. H.
Underhill.

Following the 11 o'clock mass at St. Catherine's Church, in Burlingame, last Sunday, Rev. Father D. A. Sullivan, O. M. I., the visiting missionary, was presented with a handsome black hawthorne cane by William H. Underhill of San Mateo.

Underhill presented the cane, which he received from a friend traveling in Ireland, as a token of remembrance. Father Sullivan comes from Lowell, Mass., and is a leading missionary priest of the Catholic Church.

where the Diame Lies.
Governor Francis McGovern of Wisconsin tells this one:

"A representative of Illinois, who never lost an opportunity to expatiate upon the glories and material prospects of Chicago, was one day holding forth in his usual strain when he touched upon the part played by the railroads in that prosperity.

"Statistics show," declared the member from Illinois, "that 1,150 trains arrive daily in Chicago. These trains, run by some twenty odd companies, carry over 165,000 passengers. The railroads have undeniably been a strong factor in making Chicago what it is today."

"Whereupon a senator from New York smilingly interjected:

"That's an awful charge to prefer against the railways!"—Lippincott's.

War in the Air.
During the hottest fighting at the battle of Chickamauga an owl, alarmed by the unusual sounds, was frightened from its usual haunts. Two or three crows spied him and made pursuit, and a fight in the air followed. The contest was observed by a soldier. He dropped his gun to the ground and exclaimed:

"Whew! Even the very birds in the air are fighting!"

A "shocking" condition of affairs down in Orange County was disclosed by a complaint filed with the Railroad Commission by the Yorba Linda Water Company against the Pacific Electric Railway Company. The complaint alleges that the railway company is willfully and unlawfully permitting its electricity to steal rides back to the power stations on the water company's pipes. The result is to cause the pipes to fall to pieces and to create all kinds of havoc along the line with the water company's customers. The tracks run parallel to the pipes between Richfield and Stern stations. The company is accused of using the pipes for a conductor of the return current. Mischievous detachments of the power juice are said to get mixed up frequently with the water supply around Richfield and to cause the thirsty live stock of Orange County ranchers to perform sudden and extraordinary antics.

Gardening—The undersigned does all kinds of gardening, pruning and grafting in a first-class manner. Leave orders with P. Ruiz at Baden Cash Store. George Delia. Advt.

New Spring Ties, 50 cents, at Schneider's. Advt.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

The first box of California cherries to be shipped East this season was dispatched to the New York auction market a few days ago. This is the earliest in years that cherries have been sent. The fruit was grown in the orchards of Ernest A. Gammon, on the Sacramento river, near Courtland.

An invitation for all the children of San Francisco to come to the exposition grounds for their May day celebration this year was accepted in the name of the children by the committee of fifty appointed by the Mayor, after the invitation had been delivered by Thornwell Mullally for the exposition company.

The young sons of Hillsborough millionaire families have a new source of diversion. They have become enthused with the romance of tree dwelling and are rapidly becoming tree dwellers themselves. Wherever there is a big tree in a back yard and a small boy of imaginative proclivities attached to the household, there is likely to be a sample of Hillsborough's latest architectural development. The youngsters are building homes in trees and they are doing some remarkable work in that direction.

Vacaville voted to remain dry by the narrow margin of twenty-four votes. This is the third time the town has voted dry, but the majority is the smallest. The count showed 264 for prohibition and 240 against. The control of all public utilities was retained by the town. Fortuna, Humboldt county, and Lakeport, Lake county, voted dry. Brawley gave four to one majority to the dries. Leaders of the wet element, with a 400 majority against them, said they probably would not seek to test sentiment there again for a long time.

Prohibition scored a vital victory in the Superior Court of San Bernardino, when Judges F. F. Oster and B. F. Bledsoe handed down a decision that County Boards of Supervisors can establish a blanket prohibition policy and carry it into effect even in Supervisorial districts or precincts which have voted in favor of saloons. Al McRae sought a writ of mandamus to compel the granting of a license at Daggett, on the Mojave desert, a district which had voted overwhelmingly in favor of saloons, but where the Supervisors declined to allow liquor traffic.

Helmets—the stiff, heavy and unsightly headgear of tradition—henceforth are taboo in the San Francisco Police Department as the result of a resolution by the Police Commission, which declares for a blue military cap, properly labeled in gilt letters with the rank of the wearer. San Francisco is the last important city in the country to retain the cumbersome headgear that serves no useful purpose either in summer or winter. The controversy over the style to be worn came to a focus when the board unanimously voted to give up the helmet in favor of the handsomer and more comfortable cap.

If plans now on foot by H. W. Shaw and members of the North Side Improvement Club are carried out, the Chinese cemetery, in the central part of the residence district of the north end of Fresno, will be converted into a public park. There is no previous record of such a transfer in the valley, but North Park residents claim it can be done. When the Chinese cemetery was first started it was then in the country. The residence district has now passed it and the burial ground of the Orientals has been declared a public nuisance. Many bodies have been moved to another cemetery and others sent to China.

There are at present confined in the various public institutions of California 13,783 persons, an increase of 826 in the last year, according to the monthly census just issued by the California Board of Charities and Corrections. The largest increases are at the State hospitals for the insane, 521, and at the State prisons, 234. In San Quentin are confined 2048 persons, the largest number of inmates the prison ever has had. There are on parole from San Quentin 563. In Folsom the enrollment is 1187; on parole, 309. There are in all only twenty-five female prisoners. These are in San Quentin. Other enrollments are: Whittier State School, 138; Preston School of Industry, 495; California School for Girls, 34; Stockton State Hospital, 2140; Napa State Hospital, 2066; Agnews State Hospital, 1385; Mendocino State Hospital, 1056; Southern California State Hospital, 2053; Sonoma State Home, 1044.

Imaginary evils soon become real ones by indulging reflections on them.

Who's Your Tailor?

Trade Mark. Reg. 1908 by Ed. V. Price & Co.

The Spring and Summer Woolens recently sent us by

Ed. V. Price & Co.

Are the prettiest ever shown in this town.

Select Yours To-day

And have your Spring Clothes made up for Easter.

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 Grand Av. South San Francisco

NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORK.

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of April, 1914, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco passed its certain Resolution of Intention to order the following street work to be done in said city, to-wit:

That Grand Avenue be produced westerly and opened to a uniform width of Eighty (80) feet from the present northwestern termination of said avenue or street, as shown on that certain map entitled "South San Francisco, San Mateo Co. Cal. Plat No. 1," which map was filed in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, March 1, 1892, the original of which map is on file therein in Book "B" of Maps at page 6, and a copy thereof is recorded in Book 2 of Maps at page 52, westerly to the northeasterly boundary line of the Mission Road.

The lands necessary and convenient to be taken for said purposes are described as follows:

Beginning at a point which is distant North 74 degrees 27 minutes West, 80 feet from the Northwest corner of Block No. 78 of said Map of South San Francisco Plat No. 1; running thence North 74 degrees 27 minutes West, 208.17 feet, thence on a curve to the left with a radius of 80 feet, 48.86 feet, thence south 70 degrees 33 minutes West, 127.7 feet, thence on a curve to the right with a radius of 410 feet, 243.18 feet, thence North 75 degrees 28 minutes West, 1134.97 feet, thence on a curve to the left with a radius of 120 feet, 90.76 feet, thence South 61 degrees 11 minutes 54 seconds West, 175.32 feet to the northerly line of the Mission Road, thence along the said line of the Mission Road North 44 degrees 15 minutes West, 83 feet, thence North 61 degrees 11 minutes 54 seconds East, 196.62 feet, thence on a curve to the right with a radius of 200 feet, 151.27 feet, thence South 75 degrees 28 minutes East, 1134.97 feet,

thence on a curve to the left with a radius of 330 feet, 195.73 feet, thence North 70 degrees 33 minutes East, 127.7 feet, thence on a curve to the right with a radius of 160 feet, 97.73 feet, thence South 74 degrees 27 minutes East, 208.17 feet, thence South 15 degrees 33 minutes West 80 feet to the point of beginning containing 3.805 acres more or less.

In said resolution of intention said Board of Trustees thereby determined and declared said proposed work and improvement to be of more than local or ordinary public benefit, and that said proposed work and improvement will affect and benefit the whole of said city, and that the boundaries of the said district of lands to be affected and assessed to pay the damages, costs and expenses of said work and improvement shall include the whole of said city, and that therefore the entire damages, costs and expenses of said work and improvement shall be made chargeable and assessable upon the whole of the taxable property of said city.

All streets and roads herein before referred to are shown upon the said map entitled "South San Francisco, San Mateo Co. Cal. Plat No. 1," which map was filed in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, March 1, 1892, in Book "B" of Maps at page 6, a copy of which map is recorded therein in Book 2 of Maps at page 52.

Said resolution of intention was passed and adopted in pursuance of the provisions of that certain act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An act to provide for laying out, opening, extending, widening, straightening, or closing up, in whole or in part, any street, square, lane, alley, court or place within municipalities, and to condemn and acquire any and all land and property necessary or convenient for that purpose," approved March 6, 1889, and the several acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution of intention on file in the office of the City Clerk of the said City of South San Francisco.

This notice shall be published by four (4) successive insertions in "The Enterprise," a weekly newspaper published and circulated in said city of South San Francisco, and being the newspaper designated by said Board of Trustees for such publication. South San Francisco, California, April 17, 1914.

GEORGE A. KNEESE, 4-18-4t Superintendent of Streets.

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of
New Spring Styles

—OF—
L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas
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"The Hub"

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.

We have on hand a large line of little misses' white hats and dresses for Summer wear. We do ladies' tailoring.
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Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

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Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

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South San Francisco

Phone 523

South San Francisco RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Jan. 4, 1914.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
7:16 a. m.
7:42 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
8:03 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
8:24 a. m.
(Sunday only)
8:44 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 a. m.
9:53 a. m.
11:23 a. m.
1:07 p. m.
3:42 p. m.
5:14 p. m.
5:32 p. m.
7:04 p. m.
7:28 p. m.
8:12 p. m.
(Except Saturday and Sunday)
11:39 p. m.
(Saturday and Sunday)

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:47 a. m.
7:22 a. m.
8:28 a. m.
10:58 a. m.
11:58 a. m.
1:37 p. m.
3:17 p. m.
4:37 p. m.
5:24 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
5:58 p. m.
6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
6:47 p. m.
8:28 p. m.
10:22 p. m.
12:02 p. m.
(Theatre Train)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 a. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.
North, 8:03 a. m.
South, 11:57 a. m.
North, 12:13 p. m.
South, 2:18 p. m.
North, 3:41 p. m.
North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.
North, 11:57 a. m.
South, 12:13 p. m.
North, 2:18 p. m.
South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern. Clerk, W. J. Smith. Treasurer, C. L. Kauffmann. Recorder, Wm. Rehberg. Attorney, J. W. Coleberd. Marshal, H. W. Kneese. Night Watchman, W. P. Acheson. Health Officer, Dr. I. W. Keith. BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas. Robinson, E. N. Brown.

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Judge Superior Court, G. H. Buck. Treasurer, P. P. Chamberlain. Tax Collector, A. McSweeney. District Attorney, Franklin Swart. Assessor, C. D. Hayward. County Clerk, Joseph H. Nash. County Recorder, H. O. Heiner. Sheriff, J. H. Mansfield. Auditor, Henry Underhill. Superintendent of Schools, Roy Cloud. Cor. and Pub. Adm., Dr. H. G. Plymire. Surveyor, James B. Neuman. Health Officer, W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor, James T. Casey. Justices of the Peace, E. C. Johnson, John F. Davis. Constables, Jas. C. Wallace, J. H. Parker. Postmaster, E. E. Cunningham.

San Mateo County Building and Loan Association

Assets \$304,612.01

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Staple Groceries, Fine Fruit and
Vegetables
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Fresh Fruit Daily Quick Delivery
243 Grand Ave. South San Francisco.

ADVERTISING PAYS

All Except Those Who Do Not
Advertise.

UNFAMILIAR FACES

Historical Characters of Whose
Looks We Know Nothing.

THEY LEFT NO PORTRAITS.

Many of the Famous Figures and Heroes of Colonial and Revolutionary Times Are as Blanks to Us So Far as Their Personal Appearance Is Concerned.

In the search for a portrait of Thomas Willett, the first mayor of New York, the committee from the City club visited nearly every print dealer in the city in addition to scores of private collectors of Americana. But there was no portrait to be found.

Any one who has ever attempted to make a collection of the pictures of the big men of early New York soon realizes that there are many blanks. For instance, of the four Dutch governors Peter Stuyvesant is the only one of whom we have a correct portrait. Of Peter Minuet, William Kieft and Wouter van Twiller there is absolutely nothing accurate, although various caricatures have appeared from time to time.

The same is true of a still more eminent New Yorker, William Bradford, the first printer, who founded in 1725 the New York Gazette, which was the first newspaper printed in the province. Bradford was so prominent a man and so active for years, both in Philadelphia as well as in New York, that it is rather surprising not to have something worthy of being called a true portrait. If there was, perhaps his features might be on the tablet erected on the site of his printing office, now of the Cotton Exchange, at Hanover square.

The lack of an authentic portrait of Nathan Hale, the martyr spy of the Revolution, is somewhat better known, although the sculptors MacMonnies, Partridge and others have not allowed this to restrain them from depicting the features of the young soldier in stone or bronze. Of Colonel Ethan Allen there is no known portrait, and the same is true of the doughty warrior, General Nicholas Herkimer.

One of the heroes of Bunker hill, Colonel Richard Gridley, has left no portrait. He was the artilleryist and engineer who built the fortifications the night before the battle. Other prominent Revolutionary fighters of whom no pictures exist are Colonel William Ledyard, the defender of New London, who was killed by a British officer when Ledyard surrendered the fort; General Thomas Conway, leader of the notorious cabal to depose Washington from the command of the army in 1777; Colonel Seth Warner, who was prominent in the attacks on Ticonderoga and Crown point and in the battle of Bennington; General Seth Pomeroy of Massachusetts, and General Samuel Holden Parsons, one of the board which tried Major Andre and was appointed by Washington as the first judge of the northwest territory.

No accurate portraits exist of two of the fifty-six signers of the Declaration of Independence, John Morton of Pennsylvania and John Hart of New Jersey, although a portrait which is said to be that of Hart hangs in Independence hall in Philadelphia and is said to have been painted from a miniature.

There is nothing extant of the father of George Washington, Augustine Washington, nor have any portraits been discovered of Colonel Ball, father of Mary Washington, mother of the general, or of John Dandridge, father of Washington's wife, Martha Washington.

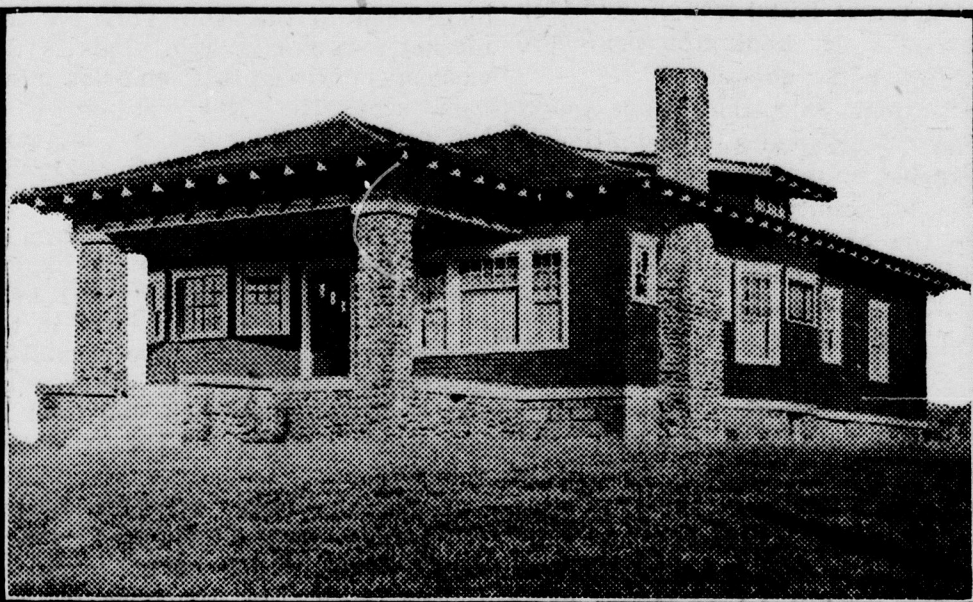
A portrait which a great many collectors of old New York material would give a good deal to obtain is that of Samuel Fraunces, the West Indian tavern keeper, whose best known house was the old Fraunces' tavern, now owned by the Sons of the Revolution, restored since they purchased it a few years ago to its original condition. It is on lower Broad street, on the corner of Pearl street, and the famous long room in which Washington took farewell of his officers has been restored as closely as possible to its original form.

There is no portrait of William Cunningham, the heartless keeper of the provost jail in a corner of City Hall park during the Revolution. Betsy Ross, the celebrated maker of the first stars and stripes, has no portrait. Captain Miles Standish is among those who have left nothing of their personal appearance, nor is anything known of the intrepid French explorer Joliet, who traced the sources of the Mississippi.

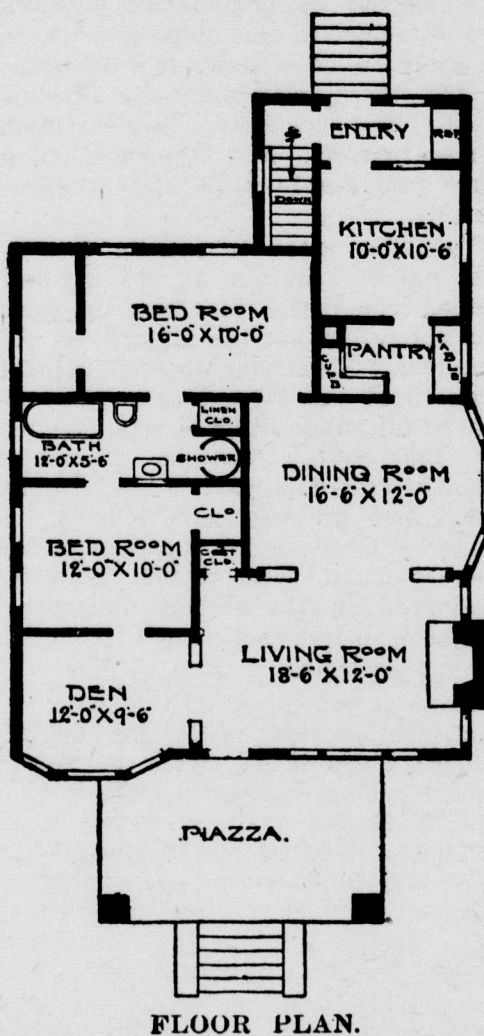
Others of more or less note of whom there are no portraits are the old English dramatist, Christopher Marlowe;

BUNGALOW WITH STONE PORCH.

Design 783, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



This home is located in the state of Washington and makes a very complete and modest dwelling. The architect wishes to call attention to the big piazza which may be screened in in the summer time and sashed in in the winter time, making a livable porch the year round. The piazza is 20 feet wide and 12 feet deep. The size of the house is 32 feet wide and 36 feet deep over the main part. Finished throughout in gumwood or Washington fir; birch or maple floors throughout entire house. Full basement, 7 feet 6 inches in the clear; first story, 9 feet. Cost to build, exclusive of heating and plumbing, \$2,200.

Upon receipt of \$1 the publisher of this paper will furnish a copy of Saxton's book of plans, "American Dwellings." It contains about 250 up to date designs of cottages, bungalows and residences costing from \$1,000 to \$6,000.

Richard Savage, another well known English dramatist, who died in 1743; Marquis Duquesne, from whom Fort Duquesne, now Pittsburgh, got its first name from the French; George Clinton, royal governor of New York from 1743 to 1753 and father of the British general in the Revolution, Henry Clinton; Colonel John Henry Cruger, General Oliver de Lancey, Governor William Tryon, General John Forbes, Baron Dieskau, General Robert Howe and Bourrienne, Napoleon's famous secretary, who wrote an excellent life of the great French emperor.—New York Times.

BURIED UNDER PAPERS.

Between Litter and Fires Life in De Quincey's Home Was Lively.

De Quincey's greatest extravagance grew out of the morbid value he set upon papers and their not being disturbed. He was in the habit of accumulating these until, in his own words, he was "snowed up," which meant that when matters reached such an extremity that there was not a square inch of room on the table to set a cup upon and no possibility of making his bed for the weight of papers gathered there; no chair which could be used for its legitimate purpose, and the track from the door to the fireplace, always kept open until the last, was completely obliterated so that he had not even place in which to set his foot—then De Quincey locked the door upon his paper treasures and turned elsewhere. At his death there were at least a half dozen such places "papered" by him and being maintained at no small expense.

Such a thing had been experienced as his actually "papering" his family out of house, but in later years his daughters learned how to guard against such a contingency.

De Quincey usually spent the evenings with his family, who looked forward to these hours with much pleasure. Upon the arrival of the newspaper he would render the news in his own quaint manner, questioning the various members of the group about him and illuminating the various subjects touched upon with a wealth of memories, good stories or human experiences until the happiest flow of real conversation sprang from the circumstances of the moment.

He was not a tranquilizing companion for nervous persons to live with, as those nights were the exceptions on which he did not set fire to something.

It was a common occurrence for one of his daughters to look up from her work and to say casually, "Papa, your hair is on fire!" to which he would respond casually, "Is it, my love?" and a hand rubbing out the blaze was all the notice taken.

On one occasion, when the maid rushed in to announce that Mr. de Quincey's room was on fire, he hastened to the rescue of his already "snowed up" apartment, refusing all suggestions that water be poured upon his treasured papers. Armed with a heavy rug he disappeared into the burning room determined to conquer without water or perish in the attempt, while the members of his affrighted household trembled for his safety outside the door, locked to prevent the abhorred water from being poured in. Presently, after occasional bursts of smoke and a very strong smell of fire, all were assured that the danger was over, the victor emerged triumphantly from his fight with the flames, and the dreaded element having been subdued for the evening all retired in a state of thankfulness.—From Caroline Ticknor's "Hawthorne and His Publisher."

Complicated.

"You must stop worrying and take a holiday," said the suave practitioner. "My dear doctor," replied the irritable patient, "if I could get my affairs into a shape that would permit me to take a holiday I'd be so relieved that I wouldn't need one."—London Opinion.

Not Due Yet.

"Does your wife ever nag you?" asked the first walking gentleman. "No," answered the second. "We've only been married a year. She calls it coaxing so far."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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Light and Heavy Hauling promptly attended to. Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Railroads, Hotels, Residences, Etc., at reasonable rates.

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APPLY TO

South San Francisco Land & Improvement Co

WHEN THEY DREW LOTS FOR DEATH

A quiet little man, grizzled and a bit full in the waist, as if he had long lived a life of physical inactivity and ease, sat in a New York club and told, without a sign of emotion, a stirring Civil War incident. He had been one of Col. John S. Mosby's most trusted troopers, and the tale he told has found its way into published history along with decorated broderies omitted from the version of the teller, although he played an important part in the affair.

The summer of 1864 found the Confederacy fighting with desperation against great odds and without real hope, and Mosby's command, officially a Virginia regiment but practically an independent organization, was especially active on the flanks of the Union forces in Virginia and West Virginia. Sheridan had written several times that summer to Grant complaining of the annoyance he suffered from Mosby, and threatened summary vengeance upon the guerrillas.

Finally, in Mosby's temporary absence, part of his command attacked by mistake a strong column of Custer's cavalry. Finding that they had to do not with a few hundred of the enemy but with several thousands, the guerrillas took the desperate choice of cutting their way out. In executing this maneuver some of Mosby's men, while passing a Federal officer unhorsed at the roadside fired at the fallen man. He was grievously wounded but he lived long enough to complain to Custer, and his commander resolved to make the incident the excuse for settling a long score with Mosby.

Custer picked out six of the guerrillas captured in the fight to be hanged by way of retributive justice and example. These six men were marched through the little village of Front Royal with halters around their necks, one of them accompanied by his mother pleading with tears for his life. On the outskirts of the village they were hanged, and a placard on the breast of one declared that thus should all of Mosby's men be treated.

Mosby wrote to General Lee reporting the incident and asking authority to retaliate when the opportunity should come to deal out like treatment to six of Custer's command. Mosby's request came back to him in due time by the hand of his adjutant with the written consent of Lee and countersigned by the Confederate secretary of war as "cordially approved." Thus fully armed with official authority Mosby awaited his chance, for he was determined that his vengeance should fall upon Custer's men.

It was perfectly well known throughout the command that when next any of Custer's troopers should fall into Mosby's hand there would be a painful reckoning. Late in the autumn of 1865 Mosby, in the course of a raid into the Shenandoah Valley, came into hostile touch with Custer and made 26 of the enemy prisoners.

"We rode into Rectortown," said Mosby's grizzled adjutant, "early on a brilliant autumn morning with our 26 prisoners disarmed in the midst of the command. In the course of the retreat Mosby had told me what he intended to do and how it was to be done.

"When the men had dismounted he ordered me to make all arrangements and went off to breakfast at the house of a friend. After we'd had breakfast I drew up the prisoners in line, according to orders, and taking 26 prepared slips of paper, 20 blank and six numbered, I placed them in a hat and had each prisoner shut his eyes and take out a slip while our men stood by looking on."

Published accounts say that at least one of Mosby's troopers, a man famous as the leader of many a desperate charge, broke into sobs as the drawing went on, and that the whole command was deeply moved. The grizzled adjutant was silent on these points, nor did he say aught of a young lieutenant named Brewster who, having drawn a blank, persuaded his comrades to ask for another drawing of lots because one of the six who had drawn numbered slips was a drummer boy of barely 16, desperately frightened at the prospect of death. One of the luckless six, as a matter of fact, was such a boy, and his fate seemed so cruel that the ad-

jutant suspended operation and went to consult Mosby. The result was an order for a new drawing of lots.

"That second drawing," said the adjutant, "was the hardest job that ever fell to my lot. This time we left out the drummer boy who had drawn a numbered slip and another of about the same age who had drawn a blank and put into the hat 18 blank and six numbered slips.

"That evening the six condemned to die were sent across the mountains with a small trusted escort, men who knew the trails and could carry out their task and get back to Rectortown with practical certainty of evading the Yankees. Their orders were to take the prisoners to a point on the pike near Berryville, where it was known that Custer's command would pass next day, execute sentence and leave them with a proper placard.

"The six dead troopers were left leaning against a big tree near the pike with the announcement that they were executed in retaliation for Custer's hanging of our six men. There Custer found them when he passed next day. The escort came back safe to Rectortown."

Published accounts say that Lieut. Brewster drew a numbered slip at the second drawing, but escaped as by a miracle the fate of his five comrades. According to this version of the story the escort with the doomed men met on the way Capt. Mountjoy of Mosby's command returning with prisoners from a raid into the Shenandoah Valley and that Brewster gave Mountjoy the Masonic signal of distress.

Mountjoy, who was a Mason, responded by substituting one of his prisoners for Brewster and took the latter back across the Blue Ridge to safety. Mosby was reported as protesting with vigor that his command was no Masonic lodge. This picturesque detail again was omitted from the account of the grizzled adjutant and he no longer lives to say what is to be taken as the actual truth of history.

TELEGRAPHING FROM THE FIELD

Weighing only six and one-half pounds, and packed in a leather case the size of a field glass, a complete telephone, which may also be used for telegraphing, has been adopted by the signal corps of the United States Army under the name of a "service buzzer," says February Technical World Magazine.

The telephone is of the usual construction, modified to economize space, and is capable of transmitting speech up to the limits of commercial transmission. The telegraph features include a sending key, which may be used whether the case is open or closed, an induction coil, condenser and two small cells of dry battery. When the key is operated a high-frequency alternating current is established in the secondary winding of the induction coil, which projects through the line wire to the distant instrument.

The telephone is of the usual conceivably the messages. A single wire is required between the two instruments, the ground being used for the return circuit; this connection is established with a portable ground rod or bayonet driven in the earth. In cases of emergency, when the set is used by a mounted scout, a metallic plate is placed beneath the horse's saddle, the ground connection being established through the horse's feet. For regular service a small insulated wire is laid on the ground between sets.

Sincerity.

Lord, help us to live the sincere life. Give to us that through and through honesty that accumulates a moral reserve against sudden strains. Keep us from trifling living, that when the winds blow and the tempests rage we may find ourselves unafraid because we have found reality in the Rock of Ages.—George A. Miller in "Some Outdoors Prayers."

True of Many.

"Can you direct me to the best hotel in this town?" asked the stranger who, after sadly watching the train depart, had set his satchel upon the station platform.

"I can," replied the man waiting for a train the other way, "but I hate to do it."

"Why?"

"Because you will think, after you've seen it, that I'm a liar."

JOKE THAT WAS VERY MUCH ON THE TWO PICKPOCKETS

Fortunate for the Old-Fashioned Woman That They Had Not Thought to Open It for Any Purpose.

Granted that a person wishes to do well whatever he sets out to do, no matter what the nature of the undertaking, there must have been two chagrined young men on an Eighth avenue car Wednesday evening, says the New York Times. They rode up town at the rush hour. Crowded onto the rear platform where they stood were several other men and one woman. The woman was old-fashioned enough to wear a dress with a pocket in it. Some time during the trip from Thirty-fourth street to Fifty-ninth one of the men found the pocket and extracted its contents.

At the Circle the woman, unaware of her loss, pushed into the car and found a seat. Presently the solemnity of the tired crowd was disturbed by a burst of hilarity on the platform. The two young fellows were chaffing each other in boisterous tones.

"You're a jay, you are," said one. "Anybody'd think you had spent all your life rolling over plowed ground. What are you going to do with it? Keep it?"

"No," was the reply. "What's the use. It ain't no good."

The woman listened inattentively to the loud remarks and wondered, in a listless way, what they had reference to. She nearly collapsed when she found out. At Eighty-sixth street the conductor came through the car holding out a small leather-bound prayer book, which, when folded, might have been easily mistaken for a pocket book.

"This belong to anybody in this car?" he asked.

Several passengers appealed to shook their heads. Presently he stopped before the woman. "This yours," he asked.

Hastily the woman felt in her pocket.

"Yes, it is," she said. "Where in the world—"

"Guess you must have lost it. Some fellows out there picked it up and handed it over to me."

The woman turned cold all over. "Give it here, quick," she said. "I want to see—"

Words were not required to tell what it was she wanted to see. The pause was filled up eloquently by her actions. Rapidly she turned the leaves till she came to a kind of pocket fastened between the pages at the back. From this she drew two \$10 bills.

"I declare if I didn't forget all about leaving them in there," she said. "Thank goodness they didn't get lost."

The two hoodlums on the platform eyed the bills greedily.

"Jay," said one of them, "is no name for us fellows."

ARMIES BIG CORPORATIONS.

Dash and Brilliancy No Longer Battle Winning Factors.

The glory, the sport and the romance of war are dead. Heroes are out of date. They interfere with team play. Dashing leaders will please apply for employment anywhere than to an army or navy. The only spotlight is the searchlight that you turn on your enemy.

War has become a business, as matter-of-fact as a department store, says a writer in McClure's magazine. Its victories are to the scientist, the mechanician and the organizer—to the laboratory, the card index and the telephone.

"While I have the chief of staff on the telephone this evening, I will ask him to give you a pass to go with the army," said the prime minister of Bulgaria, in the midst of the war of the Balkan allies against the Turk.

It was as simple a matter as the New York office of a corporation calling up its Boston office. Savoff, the chief of staff, was not at the front. He managed the war without ever being near a battle. Surrounded by his department heads and experts, he was situated in a town well to the rear of the army, where any vital "Hello, central!" would instantly reach him.

Bravery alone did not win for the allies. The Turks also were brave. But their concern went to war with a deadlock among the board of directors, one set of orders from the president and another set from the general manager, the plant in disrepair, the

shipping department of a strike, stock heavily watered, and short term notes due in a panic, with call money at 100 per cent.

An army is a great industrial corporation which moves most of its paint on wheels and legs. Its functions are the most inclusive and complex of any corporation, and it should be the most up-to-date. Other corporations get their results from month to month and year to year in profit and loss. They are in touch with the test of scales. An army gets its real test only in war.

A private corporation may be out of date and keep on doing business for a while. It may travel on prestige, disdaining improvements and letting office dead wood continue to gum the wheels, but no army and no navy can be unprogressive and stand the trial of war. Whatever new invention appears, you will find the fighting forces of the world the first to use it if it has any possible application in their profession.

The most dramatic moment in recent military history occurred when a German military dirigible had to descend in France because of engine trouble. The French officers had a peep at the great German mystery, and found, to their delight, that it had not a single appliance that was not already known through the hidden processes of the French intelligence service. Theretofore, the military corporations demand the ablest detectives. Not long ago the plans of our new battleship, the Pennsylvania, not to mention the plans of a new 16-inch naval gun, disappeared from the navy department. The plans for the first dreadnought, which the British navy tried its best to keep secret, were in possession of every first-class European navy before its keel was laid.

A single invention may decide battles. The fact that the Krupp recoil for field guns was not so good as the French, in the actual test of war, was worth a score of regiments to the Bulgars armed with Canets, while the Turks were armed with Krupps. There is no more martial romance in perfecting a field gun, or in assembling parts of a battleship and organizing a battleship's crew, than there is in perfecting automobile motors and organizing an automobile manufacturing plant.

A Vanished Ocean.

In the tertiary period the geographical configuration of the globe was steadily approaching that of the present day. The same holds true for the faunal aspect and the climate was verging on the glacial period. It was at this time the great equatorial ocean, "Tethys," existed still, and there is evidence that East India and Africa, Australia and Asia, north Europe and North America were united by land connections. In the latter part of the period the ocean "Tethys" gave place to mountainous formations, such as the Alps, Simalayas and Carpathians, through the folding up of the crust of the sea. At the same time there were enormous outpourings of volcanic materials. Snakes and true birds advanced rapidly toward modern position in this period, which was characterized also by the maximum expansion of mammals taking the place of the great saurians.



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TAXES

1913-14

Office of County Tax Collector

San Mateo County.
Redwood City, Cal., March 1st, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the

Second Installment

of Taxes for the year 1913-1914 is now due and payable in my office at the County Court House at Redwood City, daily, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, up to and including **Monday, April 27th, 1914**, at 6 o'clock p. m., when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

Address all communications direct to County Tax Collector at Redwood City with reference to your County Taxes. U. S. postal money orders or checks on banks in the County of San Mateo will be accepted without exchange. Checks drawn on banks outside of San Mateo County must include exchange of ten cents on each one hundred dollars.

A. MCSWEENEY,
County Tax Collector.

3-7-td

TAXES

1913-14

Office of City Tax Collector
City of South San Francisco

South San Francisco, Cal., March 1st, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the

Second Installment

of taxes for the year 1913-1914 is now due and payable in my office at the City Hall, South San Francisco, daily, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, up to and including **Monday, April 27th, 1914**, at 6 o'clock p. m. when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

Address all communications direct to the marshal, at South San Francisco, with reference to your taxes. U. S. postal money orders or checks on banks in the County of San Mateo will be accepted without exchange. Checks drawn on banks outside of San Mateo County must include exchange of ten cents on each one hundred dollars.

H. W. KNEE DE,
Marshal and ex-officio Tax Collector,
City of South San Francisco, 3-14-td

DON'T ADVERTISE if you do not want to pay for it. Watch the man that DOES advertise and see him do the business. Wake up! Put your ad. in THE ENTERPRISE.

ORDINANCE NO. 77

An Ordinance Fixing and Establishing Water Rates Within the Limits of the City of South San Francisco, for the Fiscal Year 1914-1915.

The Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The monthly rates of compensation to be charged or collected by any person, firm or corporation supplying water to the inhabitants of said city, or to firms or corporations therein, or to the said city, for private or corporate uses or purposes, for the year commencing July 1, 1914, and ending June 30th, 1915, are hereby fixed as follows:

Section 2. General monthly rates for water served through meters shall be at the rate of twenty-three (23) cents per hundred cubic feet; provided that the charge for serving water through a meter shall not be less than one dollar per month for any service connection.

Section 3. Water supplied otherwise than through meters shall be furnished at meter rates for the amount estimated to have been so supplied.

Section 4. The charge and general monthly water rates for water used for street sprinkling, or for general purposes by said city shall be at the rate of eight (8) cents per hundred cubic feet.

Section 5. Meter rates shall be payable at the end of each month.

Section 6. Where meters are used, all bills or receipts for the payment of said rates or charges shall have written thereon the meter readings for which such charges are made.

Section 7. This ordinance shall be published once in "The Enterprise", a weekly newspaper published and circulated in the City of South San Francisco, and shall take effect and be in force on the first day of July, 1914.

Introduced this 25th day of February, 1914.

Passed and adopted as an ordinance of the City of South San Francisco at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco this 14th day of April, 1914, by the following vote:

Ayes, Trustees G. W. Helston, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern and F. A. Cunningham.

Noes, Trustees none.

Absent, Trustee T. L. Hickey.

Approved: F. A. CUNNINGHAM,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

Attest: WILLIAM J. SMITH,
City Clerk.

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

The Spottswood family have leased Mr. Calkins' cottage and will occupy it on the 1st.

Mr. Jensen of Lomita Park has been very ill from a case of ptomaine poisoning last week. He is still unable to work.

The friends of Dr. W. C. Evans, the district superintendent of the Methodist Church, regret to learn of his severe illness.

Baseball Sunday, April 19th, at 2 p. m. The San Brunonites and the Travelers of Sausalito, at fourth addition ball grounds.

The two-months-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Gibson of Lomita Park was buried Wednesday, death resulting from pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Calkins and family of Huntington leave on the 1st for Nevada City, where Mr. Calkins will be employed in future.

On May 2d, there will be a May day dance in Green's Hall, given by the Volunteer Fire Company. Good time, good music and good refreshments.

Be out to-night and have a good time at the "Big Barn Dance" given by the Yeomen. Good music. Refreshments and a general good time. Admission 25 cents.

High class motion pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Advt.

Mr. Adams of Huntington Park, whose son has been afflicted with curvature of the spine, had him removed to the children's hospital to have him encased in a plaster cast. He is slowly improving under this treatment.

San Bruno lots for sale. \$225 up. Nothing done, balance \$5 a month. No interest. No taxes. Also houses bought, sold and exchanged. For particulars see L. M. Pfluger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing. Advt.

Last Sunday was Easter Sunday in the M. E. Sunday school. The entertainment by the children was a great success. Miss Burr's class gave a surprise—an Easter scenic interior background, which was nine feet high and twenty-seven feet long of Easter lilies and the Cross, which was very beautiful.

The Ladies' Aid Society gave a dinner last Wednesday to the school children and adults. These luncheons are proving very popular, from the increased attendance at each affair. The ladies' object is to provide warm lunches to the school children once a month, also to others who care to partake.

The San Mateo County Center of California Civic Betterment held a meeting in Colma Hall Tuesday, April 14th. All the ladies interested in the improvement of the county of San Mateo were urged to take part in that movement.

Mrs. Pfeifer, mother-in-law of Mr. Roy, will build a \$5000 moving picture house on San Mateo avenue, between the Madden grocery and Schmidt's meat market. The arrangement will be similar to the Burlingame house. Mr. Roy will be the business manager.

San Mateo county began its fight in the superior court last Tuesday to have the Spring Valley Water Company bury its flume which carries San Francisco's water supply through San Bruno. After a day spent in taking testimony on both sides, Judge Sargent of Monterey county, who is sitting on the case, continued it until April 27th. When the pipe line was built in the early eighties the Spring Valley Water Company secured permission to run its flume along the San Bruno road, which was then a toll road. Since then the road has become the main street of the town of San Bruno and residents have to climb over the six-foot flume to get from one side of the street to the other. It is estimated that the cost of burying the flume or removing it will be \$30,000.

COURT NEWS.

Wood C. Baker against William Murphy, for medical attention.

M. N. Maurer against W. L. Roberts, for bread and sweets, \$45.

Ivan W. Keith against James Cassi, for medical bill of \$58.75.

BALLOON GOWNS DAZZLE NEW YORK

Hosiery Adorned With Lace Ruffles

First you take one of your most matronly relative's skirts, or even a pair of pop's pet pants, providing pop boasts of an old-guard waistline. Then you whittle away most of the material down near the street line, and tack these snippings on to the upper elevation of your skirt model. Finally you fuss and fool and fiddle with this upper, or hip-hurrah section of the garment until the upper skirt sags sadly around you like the sides of a rhinoceros that has been dieting for a spell. And now the ankle section of the skirt fits like the skin of the rhino's horn and there you are!

This recipe for planning the superstructure of your this-year's gown could not be learned during the Easter parade, of course, until Fifth avenue, New York, had begun to recover a bit from the tumultuous late noon crush.

After a lass had been horned out of the church crowd press, blown up again, patted and re-wrinkled properly you at last got her general lines. She began at the sky line with a ple-plate of fine straw for a lid, sometimes left just as it had been shaped to hold the pie, only worn upside down; again worried and crimped around the edges until it looked like the flat mansard of a soft-shell crab.

Temporarily passing by the face without the slightest comment, one's eye encountered the amber beads in layers. Now and then the bead necklace seen was not amber, but ropes of sapphires, green, purple, garnet or dark blue beads. South from the beads and until the materialistic billows of the hip-hip-hip part of the skirt modeled on Ma's was reached, one usually noticed a dinky coat that might have been fashioned after little brother Cyril's, with a bit of a tail and other doodads added.

Hosiery adorned with lace ruffles and pantalettes were two novelties in feminine attire much in evidence at Atlantic City when inquisitive breezes toyed with what should have covered them. The breezes revealed that more than a score of women were wearing stockings that bore tiers of lace clear to the knees—in two or three instances even higher—and more than a dozen women were seen to be wearing pantalettes—in most cases of colors to contrast attractively with the outer attire—beneath their slit skirts. Gorgeous colored vests were also worn.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., the well-known theatrical manager, producer of "The Follies" and other musical comedies, and Miss Billie Burke, the Frohman star, now playing in "Jerry" at the Lyceum Theater in New York, were married in Hoboken a few days ago.

A cablegram from Sofia, Bulgaria, received by William Caspar, representative of Queen Eleanor, now in New York, states definitely that the Queen will sail for New York on May 21st. Arrangements had progressed too far to permit her to sail earlier, as had been suggested.

Two new cases of bubonic plague were discovered in Havana recently. Both persons attacked are Spaniards. They are isolated at the Las Animas Hospital. Dr. John Guiteras, chief sanitary officer of Havana, says the most stringent sanitary measures will be enforced in order to prevent a spread of the plague.

Blas Casanova, who was said to be the oldest man in Cuba, died a few days ago at Congojos at the age of 120. He was born in Africa in 1794, and was brought to Havana when a boy as a slave. He was a friend of ex-President Gomez, and visited the latter while he was chief executive. His age is said to have been authenticated.

Harry Kendall Thaw's petition for a writ of habeas corpus was granted by Judge Edgar Aldrich of the United States District Court at Concord, N. H. The court said, however, that no order would be issued for the prisoner's discharge from custody until arrangements have been completed to take the case to the United States Supreme Court on appeal.

Organizers of the International Chorus Girls' Alliance are at work trying to organize 1500 or so of the chorus girls in New York City, and said that 200 of them have been organized in the alliance up to date, and are pre-

paring to demand recognition of the union in at least one opera house. The demand for union recognition is to be made individually on the management of a theater or opera house as soon as the chorus of each theater or opera house is organized.

Damages estimated at \$25,000 has been done by the Colorado River in the last two weeks to that part of the Imperial Valley irrigation project that lies south of the Mexican line, according to reports reaching El Centro, Cal. The damage, it was said, consisted of the undermining of the west bank of the river to such an extent that 1000 feet of the old levee fell into the channel. This undermining is believed by mining men to have been caused by a deflection of the current of the river by jetties constructed by the reclamation service.

Publication of a formula of the nitrate of silver treatment for home use for curing the cigarette habit is to be made in the monthly bulletin of the Portland, Ore., health department, the weekly school bulletin, the Oregon Agriculturist, and in the State Board of Health publications, according to plans of the anti-cigarette committee of Portland. Dr. John G. Abele, the physician who offered to give the treatment gratuitously if means were provided for securing the supplies, reported that he had answered 150 letters during the past month, mostly from adults.

It is announced in London that another development of the slit skirt is the "slit stocking." The opening assumes various shapes and positions from an elongated oval, beginning at the instep, to a slender V-shaped slit of greater length. The opening is laced with very fine bands of silk thread, of the same color and texture of which the stocking is made. These are crossed backwards and forwards sufficiently wide apart to make the nature of the slash apparent. In some styles the edges of the slash are laced with narrow insertions of brightly colored ribbons.

Revelations of the existence of an active revolutionary society among Chinese of Vancouver and Victoria have come to light in the police investigation of the murder of Mrs. Charles J. Millard by Jack Kong, a Chinese boy under 20 years of age. Mrs. Millard was killed ten days ago in her home at Vancouver, and her body cut to pieces and fed into the furnace. An investigation brought to light jewelry hidden in the basement of the Millard home. The police are now of the opinion that the young Chinese murderer was stealing regularly from the Millards to get money to make contributions to funds sent regularly to "White Wolf," the bandit who is now laying waste towns and villages in Northern China.

Woes of an Old Time Writer.

High among unconventional writers stands William Prynn, a London journalist in the days when there were no journals, days when a bulky pamphlet took the place of a letter to one's favorite newspaper. Prynn published about 200 of such pamphlets and is said to have averaged a sheet of print a day throughout his life. And he worked in a quilt cap coming over his eyes to shield them from the light, and stuck at his table all day, being served with a roll and a pot of beer every three hours. And he reaped the reward of his literary efforts in the branding and pillory and ear cropping that every political writer risked in that age.

Cards and the Calendar.

Playing cards in their makeup are akin to the calendar. The two colors are red and black, which answer to the equinoxes. The suits are four, answering to the four seasons. The twelve court cards answer to the twelve months; the fifty-two cards answer to the number of weeks in the year; the thirteen cards in each suit represent the number of weeks in a lunar quarter.

Honesty in Golf.

The sooner a boy, or a man for that matter, learns to live up to the motto "Honesty is the best policy" in golf, as in other things, the better for him. There is no game which gives a competitor a better opportunity to cheat. But for that very reason there is no game in which the cheat, when discovered, as it usually is sooner or later, is looked upon with greater contempt. —Francis Outmet in St. Nicholas.

Under the Table.

It is surprising what a lot of useful space is usually allowed to go to waste under the kitchen table. Why should it not be utilized? Brass hooks screwed into the under side of the wood might be used to support pails and other cumbersome and not exactly slightly utensils, which are allowed to stand about, getting in one's way and making the kitchen look untidy.

BILL FOR OIL MEN BEFORE THE HOUSE

Aims at Relief of Operators Occupying Unpatented Lands

Representative Church has introduced a bill for the relief of the California oil operators occupying unpatented lands in the state, most of this land now being in suit between the operators and the government. The bill meets the views of the oil operators, it is stated, and if enacted into a law would be a compromise measure between the government and the operators. The most important clauses in the bill are:

Upon relinquishment to the United States within six months by any locator or his successors of a claim to unpatented oil or gas lands upon which drilling operations were in actual progress January 1, 1914, of the claim to which the land was initiated prior to July 3, 1910, the Secretary of the Interior shall lease to such locator or his successors lands so relinquished not exceeding a maximum area of 2560 acres to any one person, association or corporation, said leases to be conditioned upon the payment of a royalty not exceeding one-eighth of the oil or gas produced, each lease to be for a period of twenty years, with the preferential right in the lease to renew the same for succeeding periods of ten years upon reasonable terms and conditions.

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to make such rules and regulations as he may deem proper for carrying the act into effect. Failure of any lessee or of his successor to comply with the lease shall cause forfeiture of the holding.

HUNTING THE CARIBOU.

Curiosity Often Lures the Watchful Animal to Its Fate.

In hunting the caribou quietness is essential. Never break a twig if you can avoid it, for a cracking branch makes a noise which carries far and may give warning of your approach to the very stag you particularly want. Equally important is it to keep a sharp lookout at all times, especially when entering a barren, where a stag may be sleeping, for under such conditions they are hard to see. Among the numerous gray dead stumps and moss covered low trees the color of the caribou is so inconspicuous that the untrained eye will fail to detect the animal even at close range. The first intimation will be a glimpse of a disappearing patch of white as the caribou vanishes into the woods.

All these things considered, the caribou of Newfoundland is not as alert as any other deer that I know of and is therefore more readily approached. There is, of course, great variation among them, some being extremely alert and difficult to stalk, while others are so absurdly tame that they will allow a man to walk right up to within a few yards before taking flight. Curiosity is often a noticeable failing with them. When once it is aroused they will go to almost any length to satisfy it. I do not, however, advise the hunter to count too much on it, for the very thing which you imagine will tempt this curiosity will as likely as not frighten them away. Sometimes a strange noise will make them very inquisitive, and they will come within a few feet to find out what it is. Then, occasionally, a white handkerchief will have the same effect.—A. Radcliffe Dugmore in "The Romance of the Newfoundland Caribou."

Misleading Bookkeeping.

Even bookkeeping is not an exact science. For behold! how often is it that one man will put into the expense account a given expenditure—say, the rebuilding of a machine—thus reducing his profits by this amount, while another will put such an item to the asset account, and each can advance weighty arguments and reasons as to the logic of his methods. But the net results of operation will differ widely with the same actual occurrences, so that even bookkeeping may be said merely to present results dependent upon the aspects of the situation as rendered by those who have the authority or opportunity to interpret.—Benjamin A. Franklin in Engineering Magazine.

Points of the Crescent Moon.

Why does the moon sometimes appear with points turned upward and at other times downward? There is one cause only—the rotation of the earth. If the moon rises with points turned upward then, when it sets, the points must turn downward—that is, the western horizon meets the points in its apparent approach; they point toward it, apparently downward, in the western sky.—New York American.

MME. CAILLAUX.

Wife of France's Ex-Minister
of Finance Killed Calmette.



Boiling the Kettle.

Mrs. Campbell had engaged a new maid. "Martha," said the mistress on the first morning, "be careful always to boil the teakettle before making the tea."

Martha signified her willingness and, after an absence in the kitchen, returned to her mistress and said:

"Please, mum, there's nothin' big enough to boil the teakettle in, 'less 'tis the wash boiler, sure."—National Monthly.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

Latest Conditions and Prices of
Seasonable Products of California

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Apples, per bx: Newtown Pippins, 4-tier, \$1.50@ \$1.75; do, 4½-tier, \$1.25@1.75. Oregon Apples—Extra fancy Spitzenbergs, \$2 @ \$2.25; do, fancy, \$1.75@2; do, choice, \$1.40@1.65; Newtown Pippins, \$1.50@ \$2.

CITRUS FRUITS—Per box: Lemons, standard, \$1.75@2.25; choice, \$2.50@3; fancy, \$3@3.50; Lemonettes, \$2.75@3.50; Grapefruit, seedless, \$2.75 @ \$3.50; Limes, per cs, \$5.50@6.

Oranges—Per box: New Navels, fancy, \$2@2.25; do, choice, \$1@1.50; Tangerines, 75c@1.25.

Loquats—Per crate, \$1.25@1.75.

BERRIES—Strawberries: Watsonville stock, per chest, Banners, \$7@ \$10; do, Malindas, \$4@7; Longworths, \$12; per crate, southern, 75c@ \$1; Fresno stock, \$1@1.50.

POTATOES—Per ctl: Delta stock, Whites, 75c@85c; Oregon Burbanks, 75c@ \$1; Washington stock, 60@75c; new Potatoes, per lb, 3@4c; Garnets, 5c; Sweet Potatoes, per ctl, \$2.10@ \$2.25.

ONIONS—Per crate: Bermuda, \$2 @ \$2.50; Australian, \$4.50@4.75; Oregon, per ctl, \$4.50@5; new crop Onions, per box, 40@60c.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, Mexican, per box, \$1.25@2.25; do, Mississippis, per crate, \$3.50@4; Lettuce, per crate, southern, 40@75c; Cauliflower, per doz, 40@70c; Peppers, per lb, southern, Bell, 7@8c; do, Mexican, Bell, 18@20c; do, Chile, 7@9c; Rhubarb, per box, 50c@1.25; Cabbage, \$1@1.25 per ctl; Sprouts, 4@6c per lb; Mushrooms, per lb, hothouse, 30@50c; Carrots, per sk, 35@50c; Garlic, per lb, local, 25@30c; Cucumbers, hothouse, per bx of 2½ doz, \$2@2.50; do, Italian, \$1.50; Peas, per lb, 2@3c; Telephone, 3@4½c; Beans, per lb, Wax, 7@9c; do, String, 9@12½c; Asparagus, per box, \$1.25@ \$1.75; do, No. 2, \$1@1.25.

HAY—Carload lots, per ton: Fancy Wheat, \$15@16; No. 1 Wheat or Wheat and Oats, \$13.50@14.50; No. 2 Wheat or Wheat and Oat, \$11@12.50; choice Tame Oat, \$12@13; other Tame Oat, \$10@11.50; Barley, \$9@11; Wild Oat, \$9@11; Stock Hay, \$8@9; Alfalfa, \$9 @12; Straw, per bale, 60@90c.

POULTRY—Per lb: California Fryers, 30@35c; Broilers, 30@35c; do, small, 25@29c; old Roosters, 12@18c; do, young, 20@26c; Hens, 19@20c; Eastern Hens, 18@19c; do, young Roosters, 19@25c.

Per doz: California Hens, small, \$5@6.50; do, large, \$8@9; do, extra, \$10@12; old Roosters, \$4.50@5; young Roosters, \$8@10; do, full grown, \$8 @ \$10; Fryers, \$7@9; Broilers, \$4@6; Ducks, old, \$7@9; do, young, \$9@12; Pigeons, \$1.50; do, Squabs, \$2.50@3; Eastern Hens, \$7@11; according to size; Geese, per pair, \$2@3.

RABBITS—Per lb: Belgian Hare, 13@14c.

GAME—Per doz: Hares, \$1.50@2.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter, 22½c; Eggs, 21½c.